Product Change Notification / SYST-15SRUO160

Date:

16-Nov-2021

Product Category:

Memory

PCN Type:

Document Change

Notification Subject:

Data Sheet - 24AA128/24LC128/24FC128 128-Kbit I2C Serial EEPROM Data Sheet

Affected CPNs:

SYST-15SRUO160_Affected_CPN_11162021.pdf
SYST-15SRUO160_Affected_CPN_11162021.csv

Notification Text:

SYST-15SRUO160

Microchip has released a new Product Documents for the 24AA128/24LC128/24FC128 128-Kbit I2C Serial EEPROM Data Sheet of devices. If you are using one of these devices please read the document located at 24AA128/24LC128/24FC128 128-Kbit I2C Serial EEPROM Data Sheet.

Notification Status: Final

Description of Change:
1) Replaced terminology “Master” and “Slave” with “Host” and “Client” respectively; Added Automotive Product Identification System; Removed CSP product offering; Updated DFN, PDIP, SOIC and TSSOP package drawings.

Impacts to Data Sheet: See above details.

Reason for Change: To Improve Productivity

Change Implementation Status: Complete

Date Document Changes Effective: 16 Nov 2021

NOTE: Please be advised that this is a change to the document only the product has not been changed.

Markings to Distinguish Revised from Unrevised Devices: N/A

Attachments:

24AA128/24LC128/24FC128 128-Kbit I2C Serial EEPROM Data Sheet

Please contact your local Microchip sales office with questions or concerns regarding this notification.

Terms and Conditions:

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Affected Catalog Part Numbers (CPN)

24LC128-E/MF
24LC128-E/SN
24LC128-E/P
24LC128-I/MS
24AA128-I/MS
24LC128-I/MF
24AA128-I/MF
24LC128-I/SN
24LC128-I/SNRVE
24AA128-I/SN
24LC128-I/SN15KVAO
24LC128-I/SM
24AA128-I/SM
24LC128-I/P
24LC128-I/PRVE
24AA128-I/P
24LC128-I/PREL15K
24LC128T-I/MS
24AA128T-I/MS
24LC128T-I/MF
24AA128T-I/MF
24LC128T-I/SN
24LC128T-I/SN15KA21
24LC128T-I/SNRVE
24AA128T-I/SN
24LC128T-I/SN15KV02
24LC128T-I/SN15KV03
24AA128T-I/SN15KV08
24LC128T-I/SN15KVAO
24LC128T-I/SM
24AA128T-I/SM
24LC128T-E/MF
24LC128T-E/SN
24LC128T-E/SN15KV09
24LC128T-E/SN15KVAO
24LC128-E/ST
24LC128R-I/PREL
24LC128-I/ST
24AA128-I/ST
24LC128T-I/ST
24LC128T-I/STDLL
24AA128T-I/ST
24LC128T-E/ST
24FC128-I/MS
24FC128-I/MF
24FC128-I/SN

24FC128-I/SNRVE
24FC128-I/SM
24FC128-I/P
24FC128T-I/MS
24FC128T-I/SN
24FC128T-I/SNRVE
24FC128T-I/SM
24FC128-I/ST
24FC128-I/STA31
24FC128T-I/ST
24FC128T-I/STA31
24LC128-E/MS
24FC128-E/SN
24LC128-E/SN16KVAO
24LC128-E/SM
24AA128-E/ST
24FC128-E/ST
24AA128-E/ST16KVAO
24LC128-E/ST16KVAO
24LC128-I/SNRVF
24LC128-I/SMRVF
24LC128-I/PRVF
24AA128-I/PRVF
24LC128-I/STRVF
24LC128-I/ST16KVAO
24LC128T-I/MNY
24AA128T-I/MNY
24FC128T-I/MNY
24FC128T-I/MF
24LC128T-I/SNRVF
24AA128T-I/SNRVF
24LC128T-I/SN16KVAO
24LC128T-I/ST16KVAO
24LC128T-E/MNY
24LC128T-E/MS
24LC128T-E/MS16KV01
24AA128T-E/MS16KVAO
24FC128T-E/SN
24LC128T-E/SN16KVAO
24LC128T-E/SM
24AA128T-E/ST
24FC128T-E/ST
24LC128T-E/ST16KV02
24AA128T-E/ST16KVAO
24LC128T-E/ST16KVAO
24LC128-I/SNG
24LC128-I/STG
24LC128T-I/SMG

24AA128/24LC128/24FC128

128-Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Maximum Clock Frequency	Temperature Ranges	Available Packages
24AA128	1.7V-5.5V	400 kHz(1)	I	MF, MS, P, SN, SM, MNY, ST
24LC128	2.5V-5.5V	400 kHz	I, E	MF, MS, P, SN, SM, MNY, ST
24FC128	1.7V-5.5V	1 MHz(2)	I	MF, MS, P, SN, SM, MNY, ST

Note 1: 100 kHz for Vcc < 2.5V.
2: 400 kHz for Vcc < 2.5V.

Features

- Single Supply with Operation down to 1.7V for 24AA128/24FC128 devices, 2.5V for 24LC128 Devices
- Low-Power CMOS Technology:
  - Write current 3 mA, maximum
  - Standby current 1 µA, maximum (I-temp.)
- Two-Wire Serial Interface, I²C Compatible
- Cascadable up to Eight Devices
- Schmitt Trigger Inputs for Noise Suppression
- Output Slope Control to Eliminate Ground Bounce
- 100 kHz, 400 kHz and 1 MHz Compatibility
- Page Write Time: 5 ms, Maximum
- Self-Timed Erase/Write Cycle
- 64-Byte Page Write Buffer
- Hardware Write-Protect
- ESD Protection > 4,000V
- More than 1 Million Erase/Write Cycles
- Data Retention > 200 years
- Factory Programming Available
- RoHS Compliant
- Temperature Ranges:
  - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
  - Extended (E) -40°C to +125°C
- Automotive AEC-Q100 Qualified

Packages

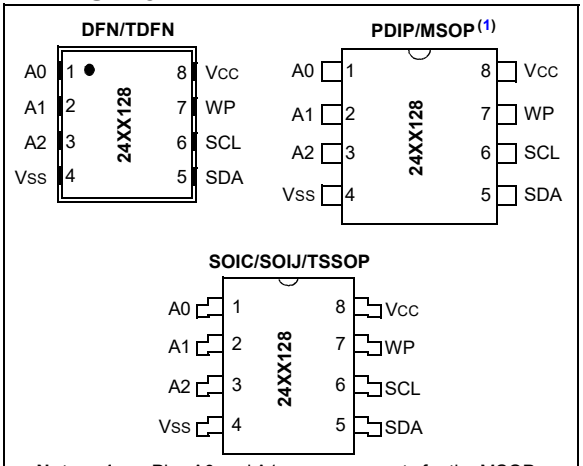
- 8-Lead DFN, 8-Lead MSOP, 8-Lead PDIP, 8-Lead SOIC, 8-Lead SOIJ, 8-Lead TDFN and 8-Lead TSSOP

Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. 24XX128(1) is a 16K x 8 (128 Kbit) Serial Electrically Erasable PROM (EEPROM), capable of operation across a broad voltage range (1.7V to 5.5V). It has been developed for advanced, low-power applications such as personal communications or data acquisition. This device also has a page write capability of up to 64 bytes of data. This device is capable of both random and sequential reads up to the 128K boundary. Functional address lines allow up to eight devices on the same bus, for up to 1 Mbit address space.

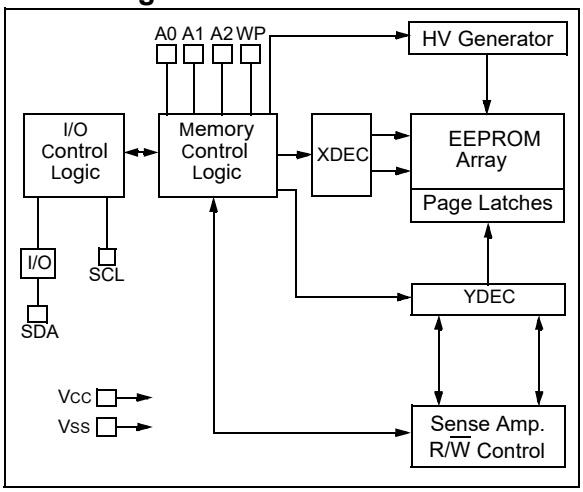
Note 1: 24XX128 is used in this document as a generic part number for the 24AA128/24LC128/24FC128 devices.

Package Types



Note 1: Pins A0 and A1 are no-connects for the MSOP package only.

Block Diagram



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings(†)

VCC.....6.5V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. VSS .....-0.6V to VCC +1.0V
Storage temperature .....-65°C to +150°C
Ambient temperature with power applied.....-40°C to +125°C
ESD protection on all pins .....≥ 4 kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			**Industrial (I): VCC = +1.7V to 5.5V TA = -40°C to +85°C Extended (E): VCC = +2.5V to 5.5V TA = -40°C to +125°C**			
Param. No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Minimum**	**Maximum**	**Units**	**Conditions**
D1	VIH	High-Level Input Voltage	0.7 VCC	—	V	
D2	VIL	Low-Level Input Voltage	—	0.3 VCC	V	VCC ≥ 2.5V
			—	0.2 VCC	V	VCC < 2.5V
D3	VHYS	Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger Inputs (SDA, SCL pins)	0.05 VCC	—	V	VCC ≥ 2.5V **(Note 1)**
D4	VOL	Low-Level Output Voltage	—	0.40	V	IOL = 3.0 mA @ VCC = 4.5V IOL = 2.1 mA @ VCC = 2.5V
D5	ILI	Input Leakage Current	—	±1	µA	VIN = VSS or VCC, WP = VSS VIN = VSS or VCC, WP = VCC
D6	ILO	Output Leakage Current	—	±1	µA	VOUT = VSS or VCC
D7	CIN, COUT	Pin Capacitance (all inputs/outputs)	—	10	pF	VCC = 5.0V **(Note 1)** TA = +25°C, FCLK = 1 MHz
D8	ICC Read	Operating Current	—	400	µA	VCC = 5.5V, SCL = 400 kHz
D9	ICC Write		—	3	mA	VCC = 5.5V
D10	ICCS	Standby Current	—	1	µA	SDA = SCL = VCC = 5.5V A0, A1, A2, WP = VSS, I-Temp
			—	5	µA	SDA = SCL = VCC = 5.5V A0, A1, A2, WP = VSS, E-Temp

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): VCC = +1.7V to 5.5V TA = -40°C to +85°C Extended (E): VCC = +2.5V to 5.5V TA = -40°C to +125°C			
Param. No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Minimum**	**Maximum**	**Units**	**Conditions**
1	FCLK	Clock Frequency	—	100	kHz	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
			—	400	kHz	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V
			—	400	kHz	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V **(24FC128)**
			—	1000	kHz	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)**
2	THIGH	Clock High Time	4000	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
			600	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V
			600	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V **(24FC128)**
			500	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)**
3	TLOW	Clock Low Time	4700	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
			1300	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V
			1300	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V **(24FC128)**
			500	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)**
4	TR	SDA and SCL Rise Time	—	1000	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V **(Note 1)**
			—	300	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(Note 1)**
			—	300	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)** **(Note 1)**
5	TF	SDA and SCL Fall Time	—	300	ns	All except, 24FC128 **(Note 1)**
			—	100	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)** **(Note 1)**
6	THD:STA	Start Condition Hold Time	4000	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
			600	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V
			600	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V **(24FC128)**
			250	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)**
7	TSU:STA	Start Condition Setup Time	4700	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
			600	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V
			600	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V **(24FC128)**
			250	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)**
8	THD:DAT	Data Input Hold Time	0	—	ns	**Note 2**
9	TSU:DAT	Data Input Setup Time	250	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
			100	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V
			100	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)**
10	TSU:STO	Stop Condition Setup Time	4000	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
			600	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V
			600	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V **(24FC128)**
			250	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)**

Note 1: Not 100% tested. CB = total capacitance of one bus line in pF.

2: As a transmitter, the device must provide an internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (minimum 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of Start or Stop conditions.

3: The combined TSP and VHYS specifications are due to new Schmitt Trigger inputs, which provide improved noise spike suppression. This eliminates the need for a TI specification for standard operation.

4: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): VCC = +1.7V to 5.5V TA = -40°C to +85°C Extended (E): VCC = +2.5V to 5.5V TA = -40°C to +125°C			
Param. No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Minimum**	**Maximum**	**Units**	**Conditions**
11	TSU:WP	WP Setup Time	4000	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
			600	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V
			600	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)**
12	THD:WP	WP Hold Time	4700	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
			1300	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V
			1300	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)**
13	TAA	Output Valid From Clock	—	3500	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V **(Note 2)**
			—	900	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(Note 2)**
			—	900	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V **(24FC128) (Note 2)**
			—	400	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128) (Note 2)**
14	TBUF	Bus Free Time: The Time The Bus Must Be Free Before a New Transmission Can Start	4700	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
			1300	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V
			1300	—	ns	1.7V ≤ VCC < 2.5V **(24FC128)**
			500	—	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V **(24FC128)**
15	TOF	Output Fall Time from VIH Minimum to VIL Maximum CB ≤ 100 pF	10 + 0.1CB	250	ns	All except, 24FC128 **(Note 1)**
			—	250	ns	24FC128 **(Note 1)**
16	TSP	Input Filter Spike Suppression (SDA and SCL pins)	—	50	ns	All except, 24FC128 **(Notes 1 and Note 3)**
17	TWC	Write Cycle Time (byte or page)	—	5	ms	
18		Endurance	1,000,000	—	cycles	+25°C, 5.5V, Page Mode **(Note 4)**

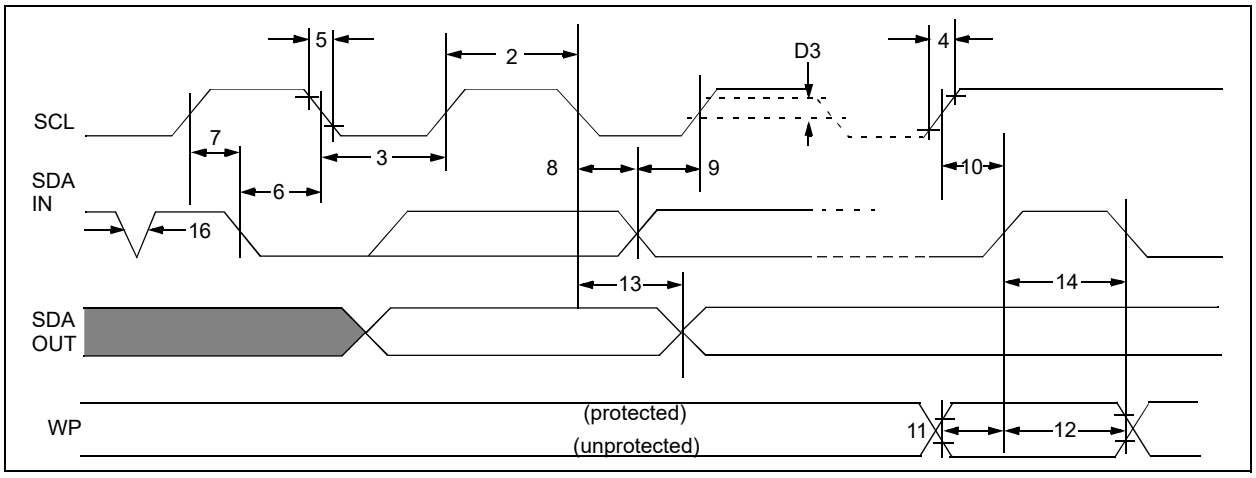
Note 1: Not 100% tested. CB = total capacitance of one bus line in pF.

2: As a transmitter, the device must provide an internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (minimum 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of Start or Stop conditions.

3: The combined TSP and VHYS specifications are due to new Schmitt Trigger inputs, which provide improved noise spike suppression. This eliminates the need for a TI specification for standard operation.

4: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization.

FIGURE 1-1: BUS TIMING DATA



2.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 2-1.

TABLE 2-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	DFN[1]	MSOP	PDIP	SOIC	SOIJ	TDFN[1]	TSSOP	Function
A0	1	—	1	1	1	1	1	User Configurable Chip Select
A1	2	—	2	2	2	2	2	User Configurable Chip Select
A2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	User Configurable Chip Select
VSS	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	Ground
SDA	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	Serial Address/Data I/O
SCL	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	Serial Clock
WP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	Write-Protect Input
VCC	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	Power Supply

Note 1: The exposed pad on the DFN/TDFN package can be connected to VSS or left floating.

2.1 A0, A1, A2 Chip Address Inputs

The A0, A1 and A2 inputs are used by the 24XX128 for multiple device operations. The levels on these inputs are compared with the corresponding bits in the client address. The chip is selected if the compare is true.

Note:	For the MSOP package only, pins A0 and A1 are not connected.

Up to eight devices (two for the MSOP package) may be connected to the same bus by using different Chip Select bit combinations. These inputs must be connected to either VCC or VSS.

In most applications, the chip address inputs A0, A1 and A2 are hardwired to logic '0' or logic '1'. For applications in which these pins are controlled by a microcontroller or other programmable device, the chip address pins must be driven to logic '0' or logic '1' before normal device operation can proceed.

2.2 Serial Data (SDA)

This is a bidirectional pin used to transfer addresses and data into and out of the device. It is an open-drain terminal. Therefore, the SDA bus requires a pull-up resistor to VCC (typical 10 kΩ for 100 kHz, 2 kΩ for 400 kHz and 1 MHz).

For normal data transfer, SDA is allowed to change only during SCL low. Changes during SCL high are reserved for indicating the Start and Stop conditions.

2.3 Serial Clock (SCL)

This input is used to synchronize the data transfer to and from the device.

2.4 Write-Protect (WP)

This pin must be connected to either VSS or VCC. If tied to VSS, write operations are enabled. If tied to VCC, write operations are inhibited but read operations are not affected.

3.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The 24XX128 supports a bidirectional two-wire bus and data transmission protocol. A device that sends data onto the bus is defined as a transmitter and a device receiving data as a receiver. The bus must be controlled by a host device which generates the Serial Clock (SCL), controls the bus access and generates the Start and Stop conditions while the 24XX128 works as a client. Both host and client can operate as a transmitter or receiver, but the host device determines which mode is activated.

4.0 BUS CHARACTERISTICS

The following **bus protocol** has been defined:

- Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy.
- During data transfer, the data line must remain stable whenever the clock line is high. Changes in the data line while the clock line is high will be interpreted as a Start or Stop condition.

Accordingly, the following bus conditions have been defined (Figure 4-1).

4.1 Bus Not Busy (A)

Both data and clock lines remain high.

4.2 Start Data Transfer (B)

A high-to-low transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is high determines a Start condition. All commands must be preceded by a Start condition.

4.3 Stop Data Transfer (C)

A low-to-high transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is high determines a Stop condition. All operations must end with a Stop condition.

4.4 Data Valid (D)

The state of the data line represents valid data when, after a Start condition, the data line is stable for the duration of the high period of the clock signal.

The data on the line must be changed during the low period of the clock signal. There is one bit of data per clock pulse.

Each data transfer is initiated with a Start condition and terminated with a Stop condition. The number of the data bytes transferred between the Start and Stop conditions is determined by the host device and is, theoretically, unlimited (although only the last 64 will be stored when doing a write operation). When an overwrite does occur, it will replace data in a First-In First-Out (FIFO) principle.

4.5 Acknowledge

Each receiving device, when addressed, is obliged to generate an Acknowledge signal after the reception of each byte. The host device must generate an extra clock pulse, which is associated with this Acknowledge bit.

Note:	The 24XX128 does not generate any Acknowledge bits if an internal programming cycle is in progress.

A device that acknowledges must pull down the SDA line during the Acknowledge clock pulse in such a way that the SDA line is stable-low during the high period of the Acknowledge-related clock pulse. Moreover, setup and hold times must be taken into account. During reads, a host must signal an end of data to the client by not generating an Acknowledge bit on the last byte that has been clocked out of the client. In this case, the client (24XX128) will leave the data line high to enable the host to generate the Stop condition.

FIGURE 4-1: DATA TRANSFER SEQUENCE ON THE SERIAL BUS

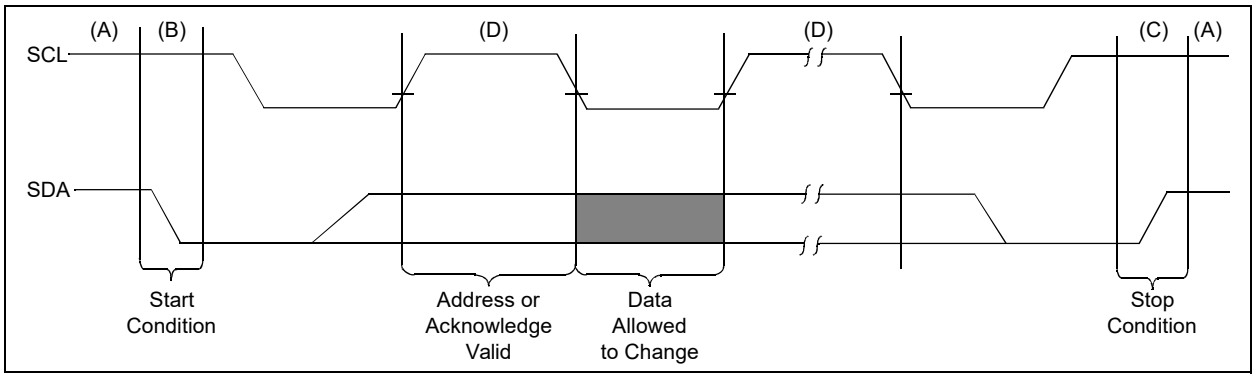
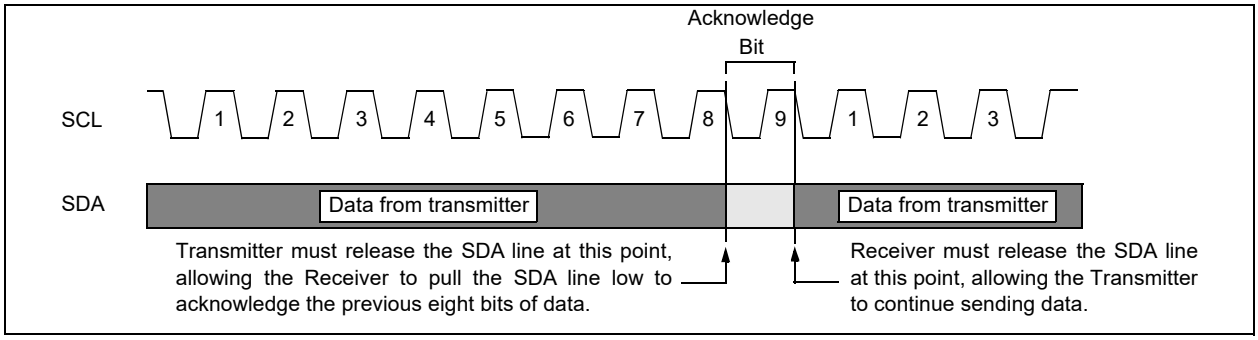


FIGURE 4-2: ACKNOWLEDGE TIMING



5.0 DEVICE ADDRESSING

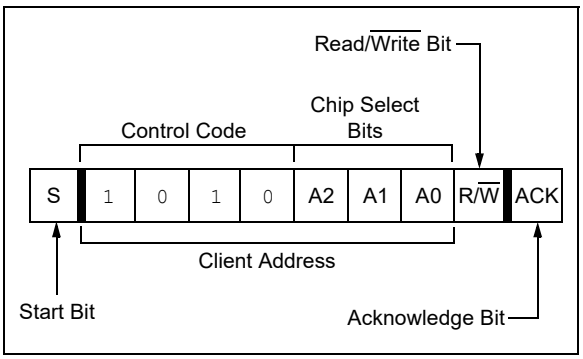
A control byte is the first byte received following the Start condition from the host device. The control byte consists of a 4-bit control code. For the 24XX128, this is set as '1010' binary for read and write operations. The next three bits of the control byte are the Chip Select bits (A2, A1, A0). The Chip Select bits allow the use of up to eight 24XX128 devices on the same bus and are used to select which device is accessed. The Chip Select bits in the control byte must correspond to the logic levels on the corresponding A2, A1 and A0 pins for the device to respond. These bits, in effect, are the three Most Significant bits of the word address. The combination of the 4-bit control code and the next three bits are called the client address.

For the MSOP package, the A0 and A1 pins are not connected. During device addressing, the A0 and A1 Chip Select bits (Figure 5-1 and Figure 5-2) should be set to '0'. Only two 24XX128 MSOP packages can be connected to the same bus.

The last bit of the control byte is the Read/$\overline{\text{Write}}$ (R/$\overline{\text{W}}$) bit and it defines the operation to be performed. When set to a '1', a read operation is selected. When set to a '0', a write operation is selected. The next two bytes received define the address of the first data byte (Figure 5-2). Because only A13…A0 are used, the upper two address bits are "don't care" bits. The upper address bits are transferred first, followed by the Less Significant bits.

Following the Start condition, the 24XX128 monitors the SDA bus checking the device type identifier being transmitted. Upon receiving a '1010' code and appropriate device select bits, the client device outputs an Acknowledge signal on the SDA line. Depending on the state of the R/$\overline{\text{W}}$ bit, the 24XX128 will select a read or write operation.

FIGURE 5-1: CONTROL BYTE FORMAT

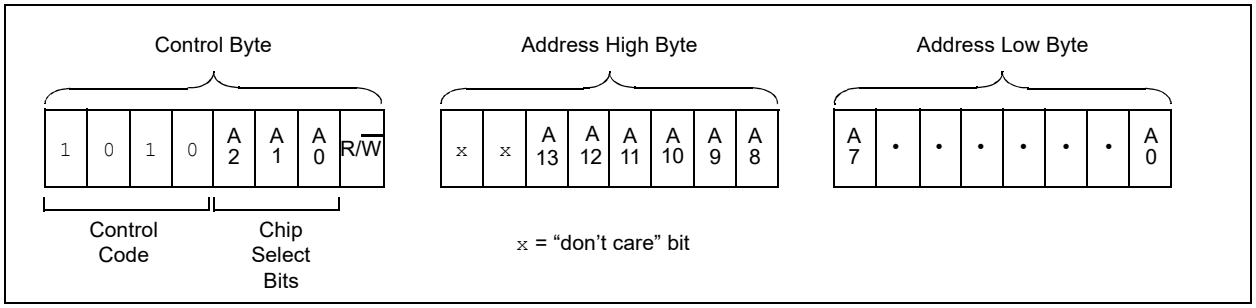


5.1 Contiguous Addressing Across Multiple Devices

The Chip Select bits A2, A1 and A0 can be used to expand the contiguous address space for up to 1 Mbit by adding up to eight 24XX128 devices on the same bus. In this case, software can use A0 of the control byte as address bit A14; A1 as address bit A15; and A2 as address bit A16. It is not possible to sequentially read across device boundaries.

For the MSOP package, up to two 24XX128 devices can be added for up to 256 Kbit of address space. In this case, software can use A2 of the control byte as address bit A16. Bits A0 (A14) and A1 (A15) of the control byte must always be set to logic '0' for the MSOP.

FIGURE 5-2: ADDRESS SEQUENCE BIT ASSIGNMENTS



6.0 WRITE OPERATIONS

6.1 Byte Write

Following the Start condition from the host, the control code (4 bits), the Chip Select (3 bits) and the R/$\overline{W}$ bit (which is a logic low) are clocked onto the bus by the host transmitter. This indicates to the addressed client receiver that the address high byte will follow after it has generated an Acknowledge bit during the ninth clock cycle. Therefore, the next byte transmitted by the host is the high-order byte of the word address and will be written into the Address Pointer of the 24XX128. The next byte is the Least Significant Address Byte. After receiving another Acknowledge signal from the 24XX128, the host device will transmit the data word to be written into the addressed memory location. The 24XX128 acknowledges again and the host generates a Stop condition. This initiates the internal write cycle and during this time, the 24XX128 will not generate Acknowledge signals (Figure 6-1). If an attempt is made to write to the array with the WP pin held high, the device will acknowledge the command, but no write cycle will occur, no data will be written and the device will immediately accept a new command. After a byte write command, the internal address counter will point to the address location following the one that was just written.

Note:	When doing a write of less than 64 bytes, the data in the rest of the page are refreshed along with the data bytes being written. This will force the entire page to endure a write cycle, for this reason endurance is specified per page.

6.2 Page Write

The write control byte, word address and the first data byte are transmitted to the 24XX128 in much the same way as in a byte write. The exception is that instead of generating a Stop condition, the host transmits up to 63 additional bytes, which are temporarily stored in the on-chip page buffer and will be written into memory once the host has transmitted a Stop condition. Upon receipt of each word, the six lower Address Pointer bits, which form the byte counter, are internally incremented by one. If the host should transmit more than 64 bytes prior to generating the Stop condition, the address counter will roll over and the previously received data will be overwritten. As with the byte write operation, once the Stop condition is received, an internal write cycle will begin (Figure 6-1). If an attempt is made to write to the array with the WP pin held high, the device will acknowledge the command, but no write cycle will occur, no data will be written and the device will immediately accept a new command.

Note:	Page write operations are limited to writing bytes within a single physical page, **regardless** of the number of bytes actually being written. Physical page boundaries start at addresses that are integer multiples of the page buffer size (or 'page size') and end at addresses that are integer multiples of page size – 1. If a page write command attempts to write across a physical page boundary, the result is that the data wrap around to the beginning of the current page (overwriting data previously stored there), instead of being written to the next page, as might be expected. It is, therefore, necessary for the application software to prevent page write operations that would attempt to cross a page boundary.

6.3 Write Protection

The WP pin allows the user to write-protect the entire array (0000-3FFF) when the pin is tied to VCC. If tied to VSS the write protection is disabled. The WP pin is sampled at the Stop bit for every write command (Figure 1-1). Toggling the WP pin after the Stop bit will have no effect on the execution of the write cycle.

FIGURE 6-1: BYTE WRITE

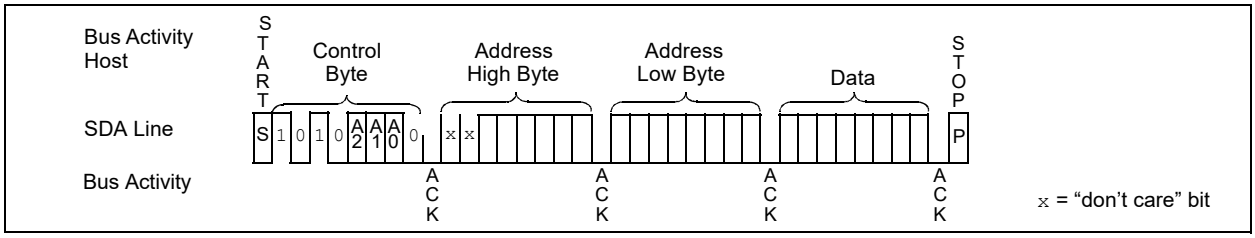
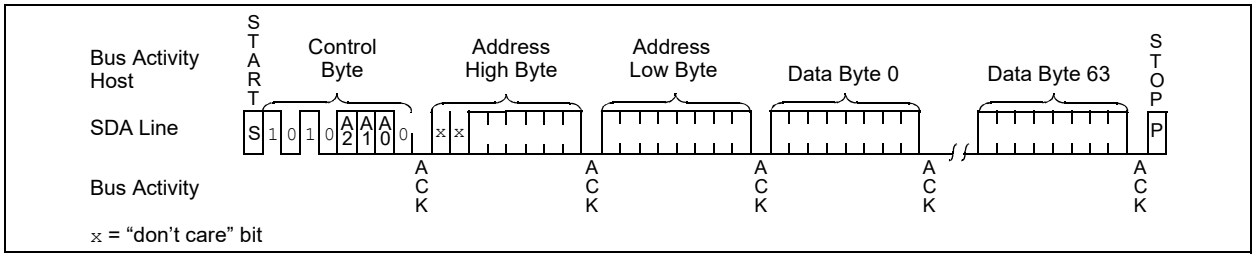


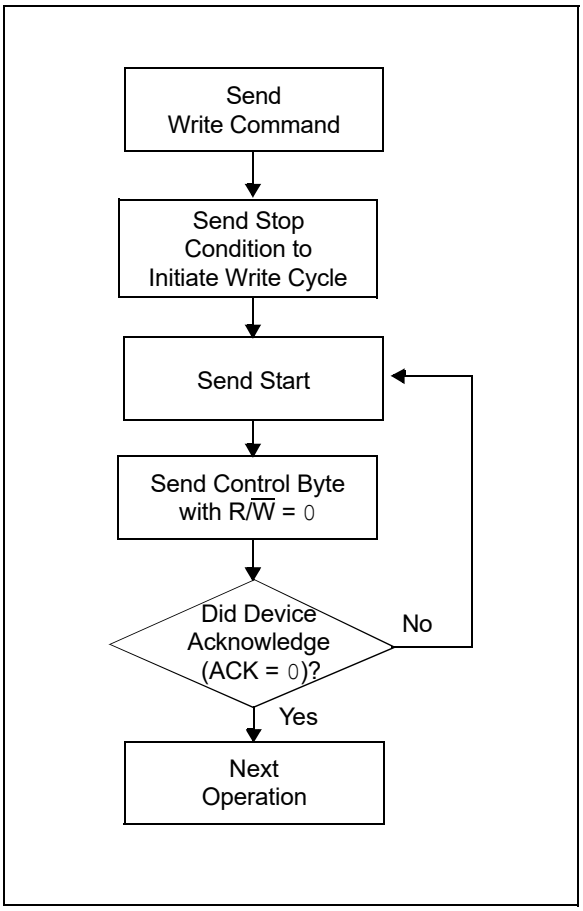
FIGURE 6-1: PAGE WRITE



7.0 ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING

Since the device will not acknowledge during a write cycle, this can be used to determine when the cycle is complete (this feature can be used to maximize bus throughput). Once the Stop condition for a write command has been issued from the host, the device initiates the internally timed write cycle. ACK polling can be initiated immediately. This involves the host sending a Start condition, followed by the control byte for a write command (R/$\overline{W}$ = 0). If the device is still busy with the write cycle, then no ACK will be returned. If no ACK is returned, the Start bit and control byte must be resent. If the cycle is complete, then the device will return the ACK and the host can then proceed with the next read or write command. See Figure 7-1 for flow diagram.

FIGURE 7-1: ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING FLOW



8.0 READ OPERATION

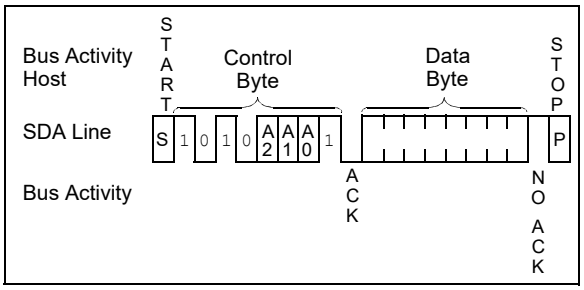
Read operations are initiated in much the same way as write operations with the exception that the R/$\overline{W}$ bit of the control byte is set to one. There are three basic types of read operations: current address read, random read and sequential read.

8.1 Current Address Read

The 24XX128 contains an address counter that maintains the address of the last word accessed, internally incremented by one. Therefore, if the previous read access was to address `n` (n is any legal address), the next current address read operation would access data from address `n + 1`.

Upon receipt of the control byte with R/$\overline{W}$ bit set to '1', the 24XX128 issues an Acknowledge and transmits the 8-bit data word. The host will not acknowledge the transfer, but does generate a Stop condition and the 24XX128 discontinues transmission (Figure 8-1).

FIGURE 8-1: CURRENT ADDRESS READ



8.2 Random Read

Random read operations allow the host to access any memory location in a random manner. To perform this type of read operation, the word address must first be set. This is done by sending the word address to the 24XX128 as part of a write operation (R/$\overline{W}$ bit set to '0'). Once the word address is sent, the host generates a Start condition following the Acknowledge. This terminates the write operation, but not before the internal Address Pointer is set. The host then issues the control byte again, but with the R/$\overline{W}$ bit set to a '1'.

The 24XX128 will then issue an Acknowledge and transmit the 8-bit data word. The host will not acknowledge the transfer but does generate a Stop condition, which causes the 24XX128 to discontinue transmission (Figure 8-2). After a random read command, the internal address counter will point to the address location following the one that was just read.

8.3 Sequential Read

Sequential reads are initiated in the same way as a random read except that after the 24XX128 transmits the first data byte, the host issues an Acknowledge (as opposed to the Stop condition used in a random read). This Acknowledge directs the 24XX128 to transmit the next sequentially addressed 8-bit word (Figure 8-3). Following the final byte transmitted to the host, the host will not generate an Acknowledge but will generate a Stop condition.

To provide sequential reads, the 24XX128 contains an internal Address Pointer which is incremented by one at the completion of each operation. This Address Pointer allows the entire memory contents to be serially read during one operation. The internal Address Pointer will automatically roll over from address 3FFF to address 0000 if the host acknowledges the byte received from the array address 3FFF.

FIGURE 8-2: RANDOM READ

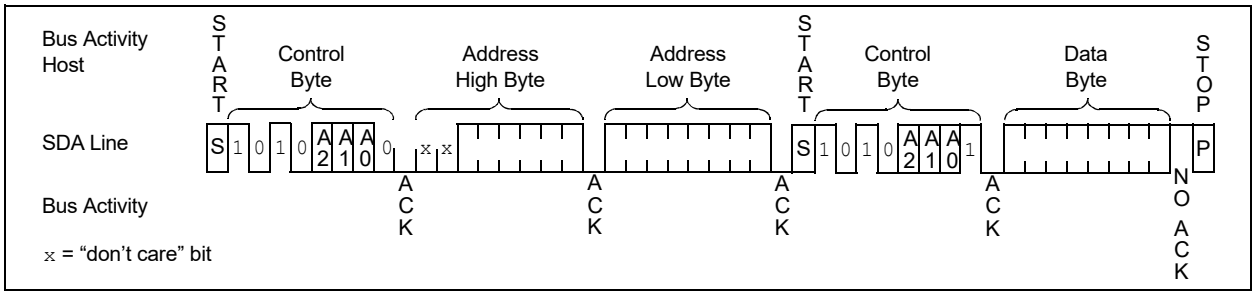
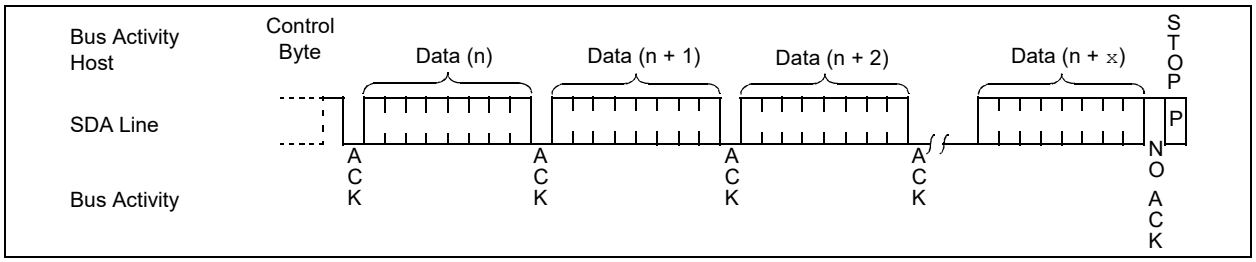


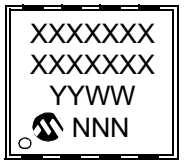
FIGURE 8-3: SEQUENTIAL READ



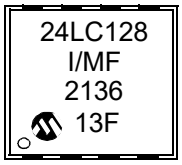
9.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

9.1 Package Marking Information

8-Lead DFN-S



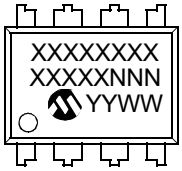
Example



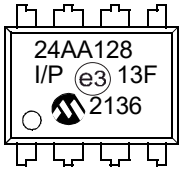
8-Lead MSOP

Example

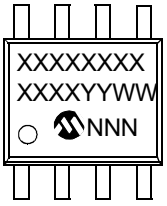
8-Lead PDIP (300 mil)



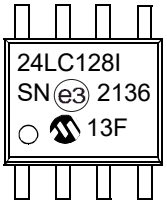
Example



8-Lead SOIC (3.90 mm)

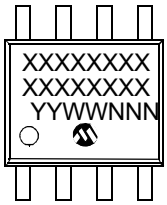


Example

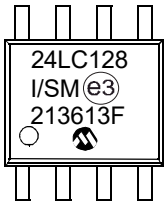


Package Marking Information (Continued)

8-Lead SOIJ (5.28 mm)

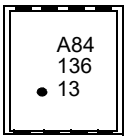


Example

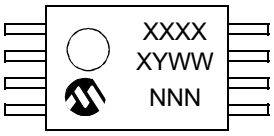


8-Lead 2x3 TDFN

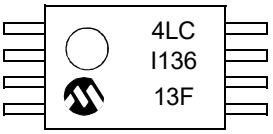
Example



8-Lead TSSOP



Example



Part Number	1st Line Marking Codes							
	TSSOP	MSOP	SOIC	SOIJ	PDIP	DFN	TDFN	
							I-Temp	E-Temp
24AA128	4AC	4A128T(1)	24AA128T(1)	24AA128	24AA128	24AA128	A81	—
24LC128	4LC	4L128T(1)	24LC128T(1)	24LC128	24LC128	24LC128	A84	A85
24FC128	4FC	4F128T(1)	24FC128T(1)	24FC128	24FC128	24FC128	A8A	—

Note 1: T = Temperature grade (I, E)

Legend:	XX...X	Part number or part number code
	T	Temperature (I, E)
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code (2 characters for small packages)
	e3	JEDEC® designator for Matte Tin (Sn)

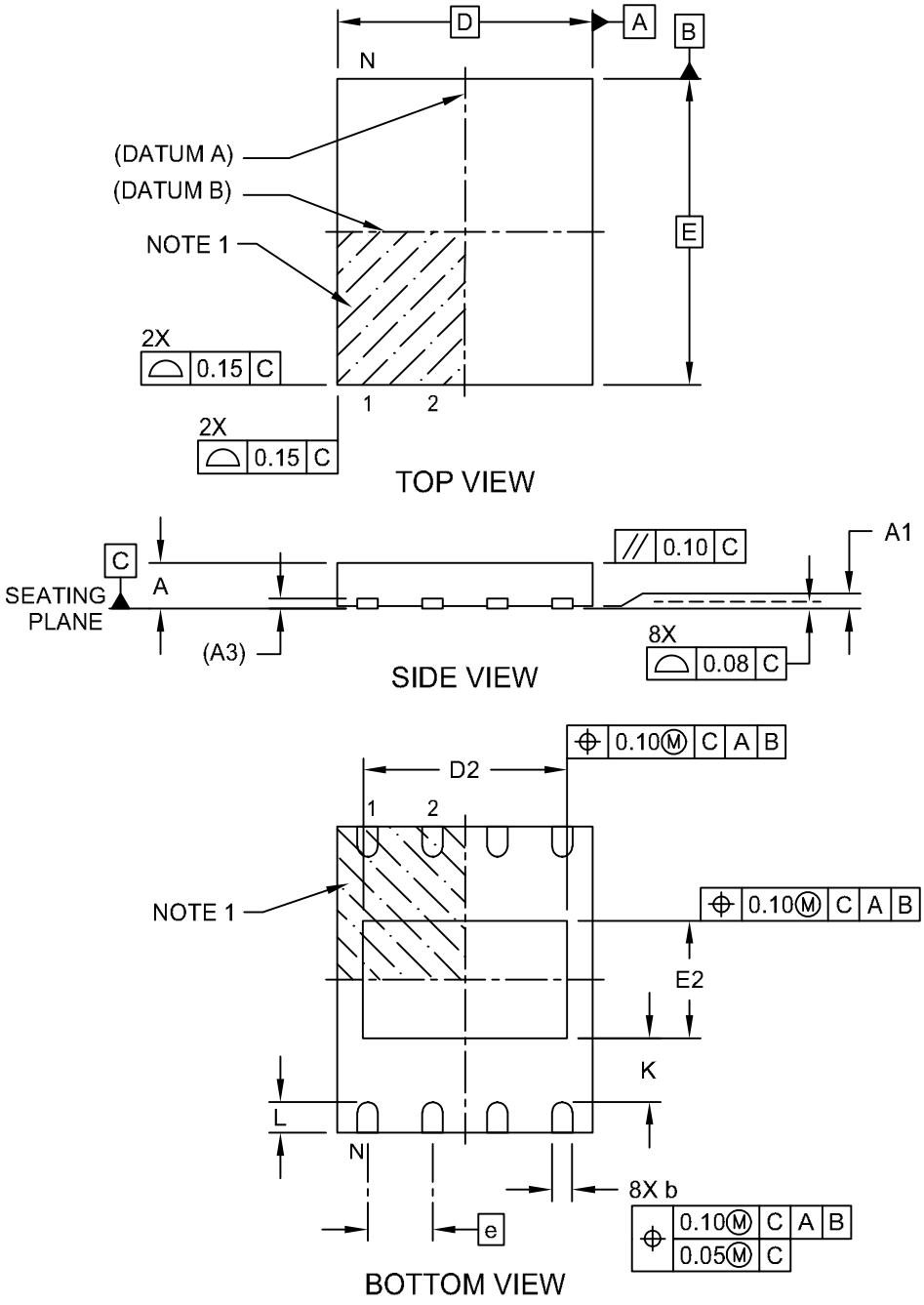
* Standard OTP marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code and traceability code.

Note: For very small packages with no room for the JEDEC® designator e3, the marking will only appear on the outer carton or reel label.

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MF) - 6x5 mm Body [DFN-S]
Saw Singulated

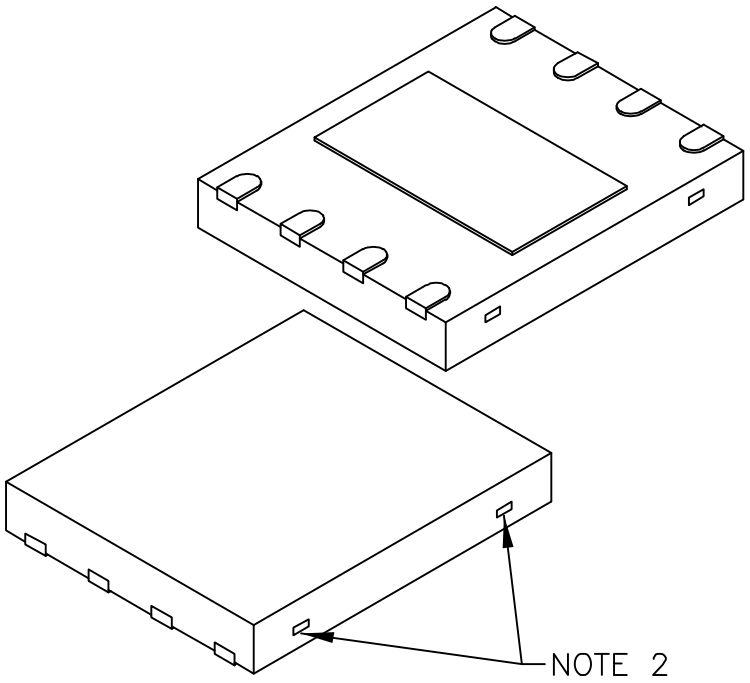
Note:	For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-122 Rev C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MF) - 6x5 mm Body [DFN-S] Saw Singulated

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Terminals	N		8	
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	A	0.80	0.85	1.00
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
Terminal Thickness	A3		0.20 REF	
Overall Length	D		5.00 BSC	
Exposed Pad Length	D2	3.90	4.00	4.10
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC	
Exposed Pad Width	E2	2.20	2.30	2.40
Terminal Width	b	0.30	0.40	0.50
Terminal Length	L	0.50	0.60	0.75
Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad	K	0.20	-	-

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package may have one ore more exposed tie bars at ends.
3. Package is saw singulated
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

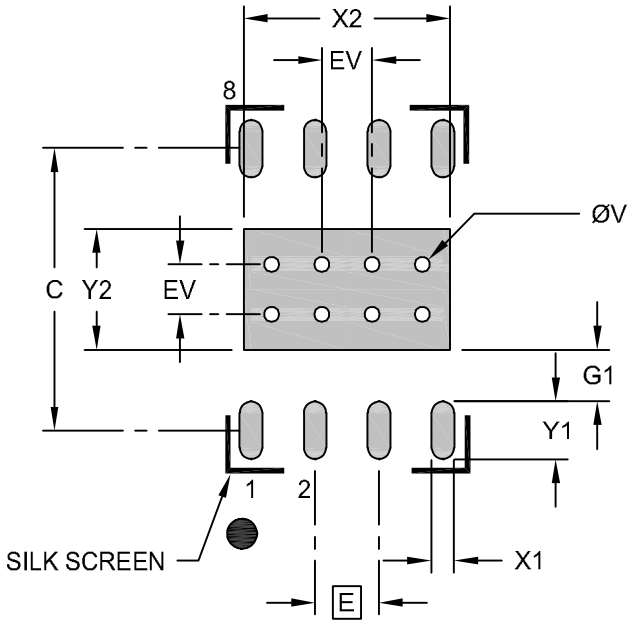
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

   REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-122 Rev C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MF) - 6x5 mm Body [DFN-S] Saw Singulated

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	X2			2.40
Optional Center Pad Length	Y2			4.10
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.60	
Contact Pad Width (X20)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X20)	Y1			1.15
Contact Pad to Center Pad (X20)	G1	0.20		
Thermal Via Diameter	V		0.30	
Thermal Via Pitch	EV		1.00	

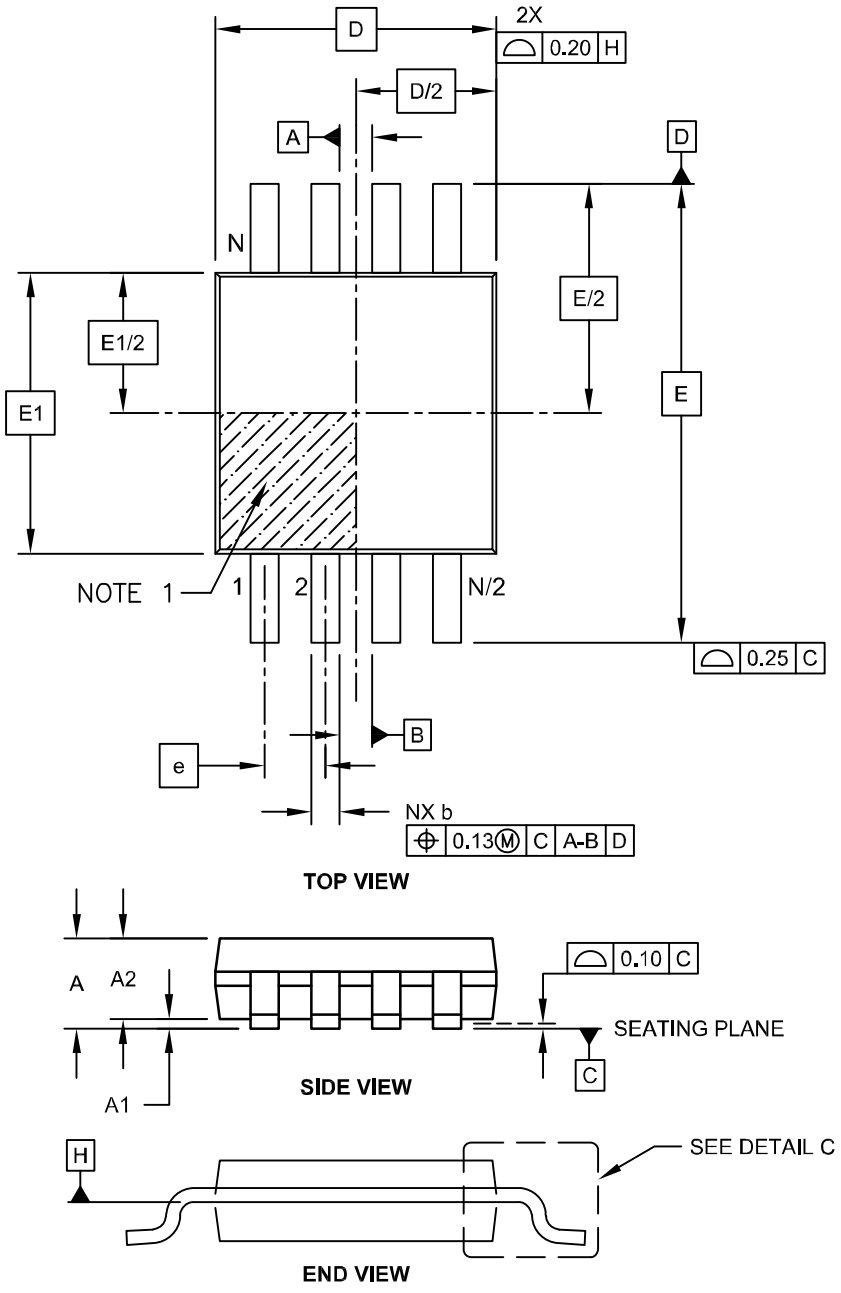
Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
2. For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2122 Rev C

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

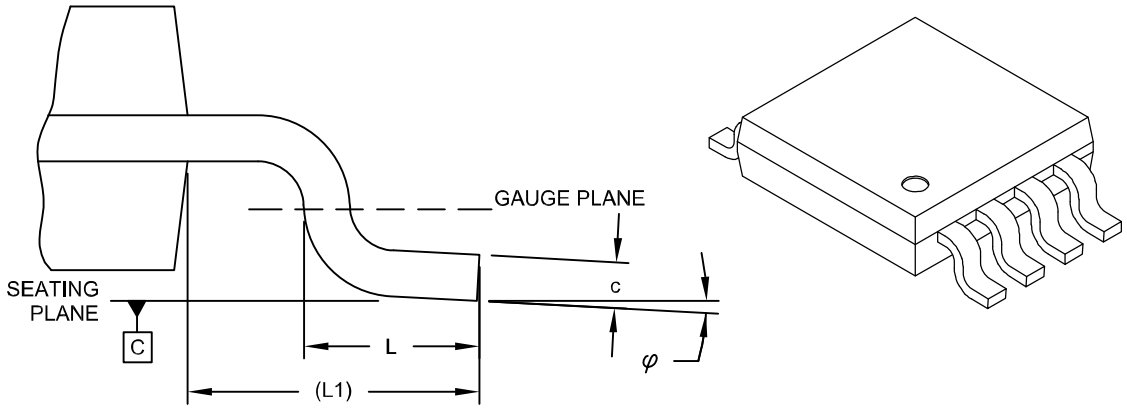
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



DETAIL C

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	0.00	-	0.15
Overall Width	E		4.90 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.00 BSC	
Overall Length	D		3.00 BSC	
Foot Length	L	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint	L1		0.95 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.08	-	0.23
Lead Width	b	0.22	-	0.40

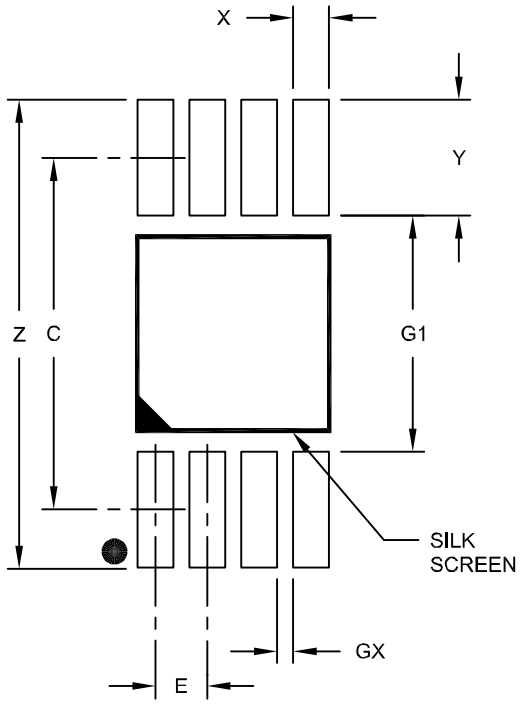
Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
   REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		4.40	
Overall Width	Z			5.85
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.45
Distance Between Pads	G1	2.95		
Distance Between Pads	GX	0.20		

Notes:

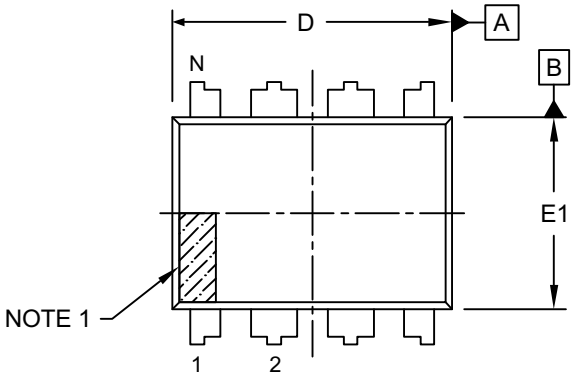
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

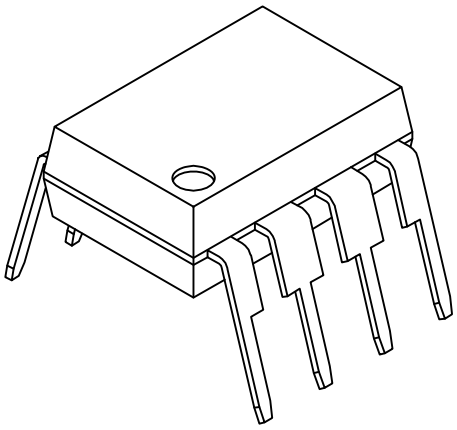
Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2111A

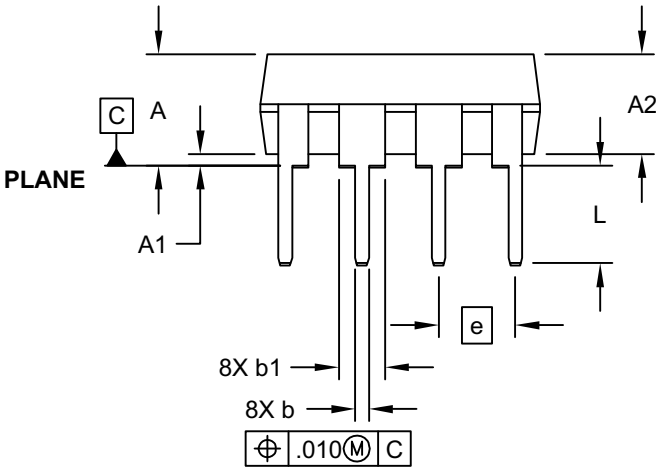
8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) - 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note:	For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging

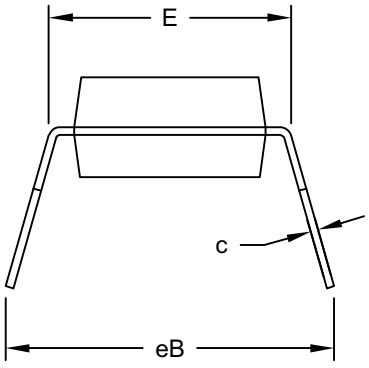


TOP VIEW





SIDE VIEW

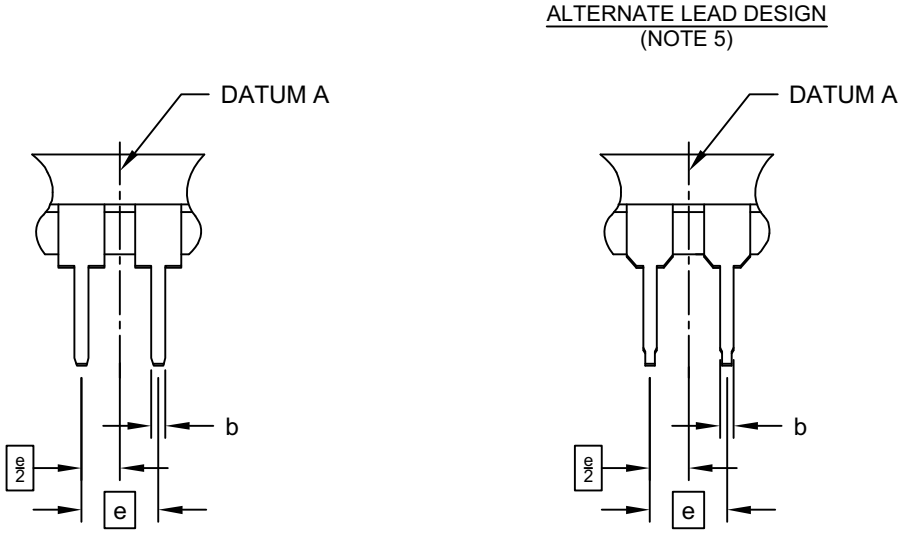


END VIEW

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-018-P Rev E Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) - 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		INCHES		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		.100 BSC	
Top to Seating Plane	A	-	-	.210
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.195
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	-	-
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.325
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.280
Overall Length	D	.348	.365	.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.115	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.060	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	-	-	.430

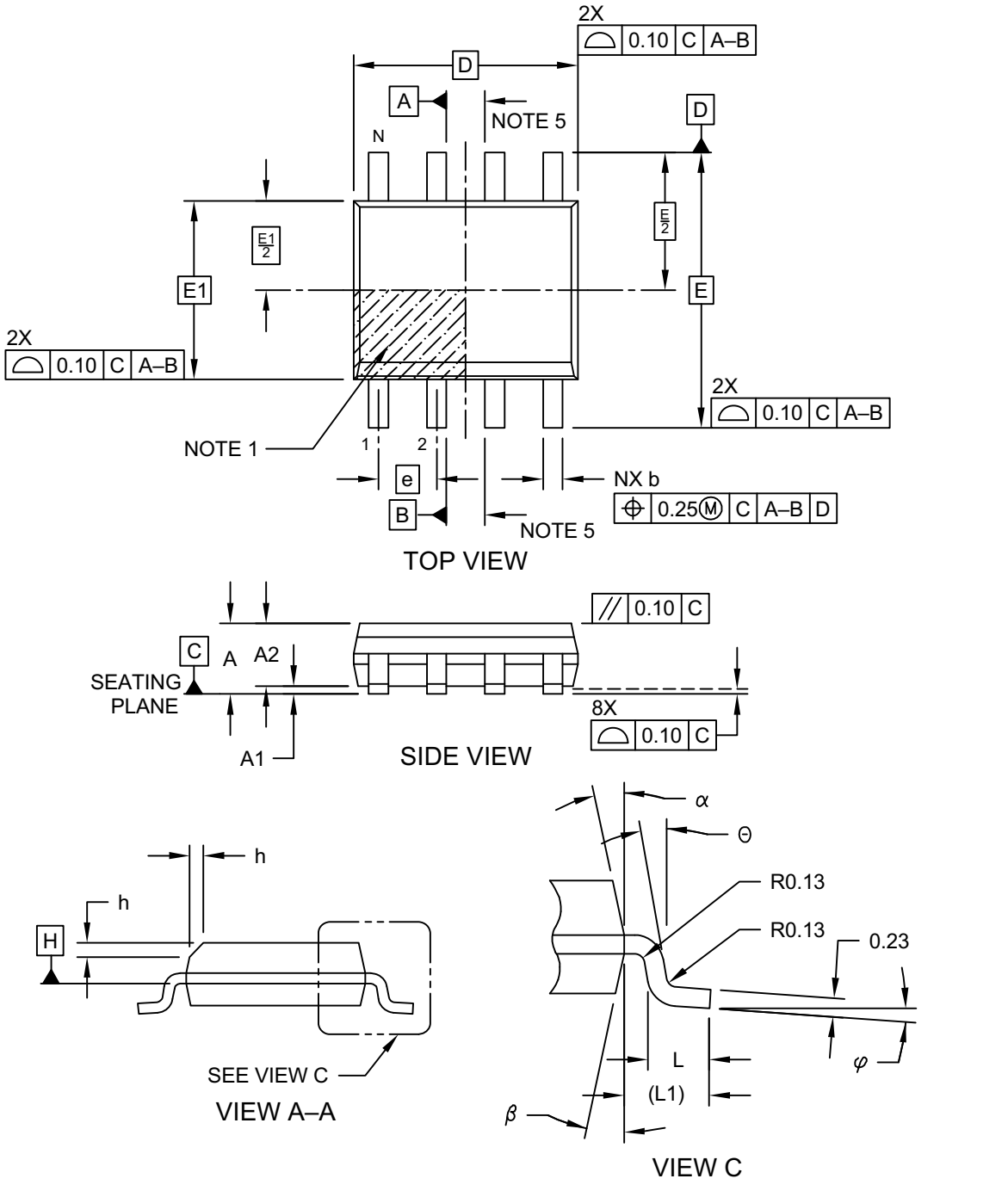
Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
5. Lead design above seating plane may vary, based on assembly vendor.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-018-P Rev E Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]

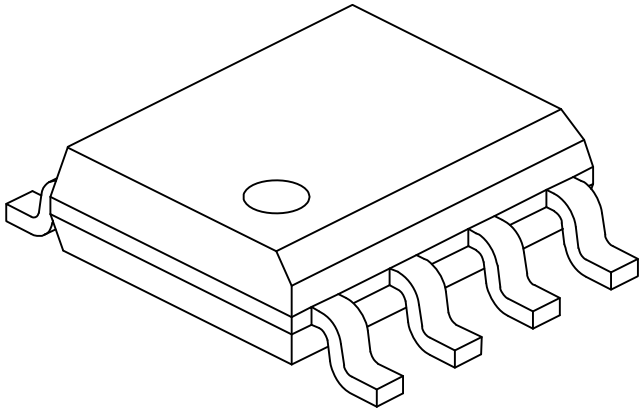
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057-SN Rev F Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	-	-
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.25
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.90 BSC	
Overall Length	D		4.90 BSC	
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	-	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	-	1.27
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.17	-	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

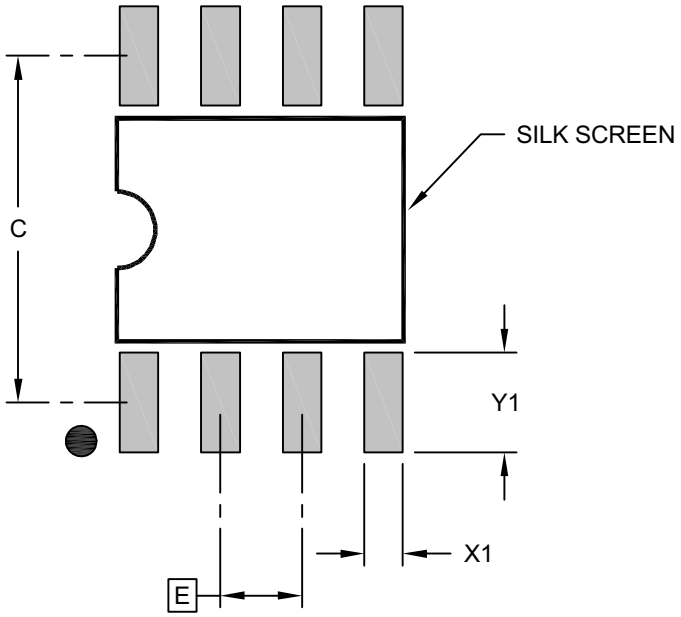
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

   REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
5. Datums A & B to be determined at Datum H.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057-SN Rev F Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

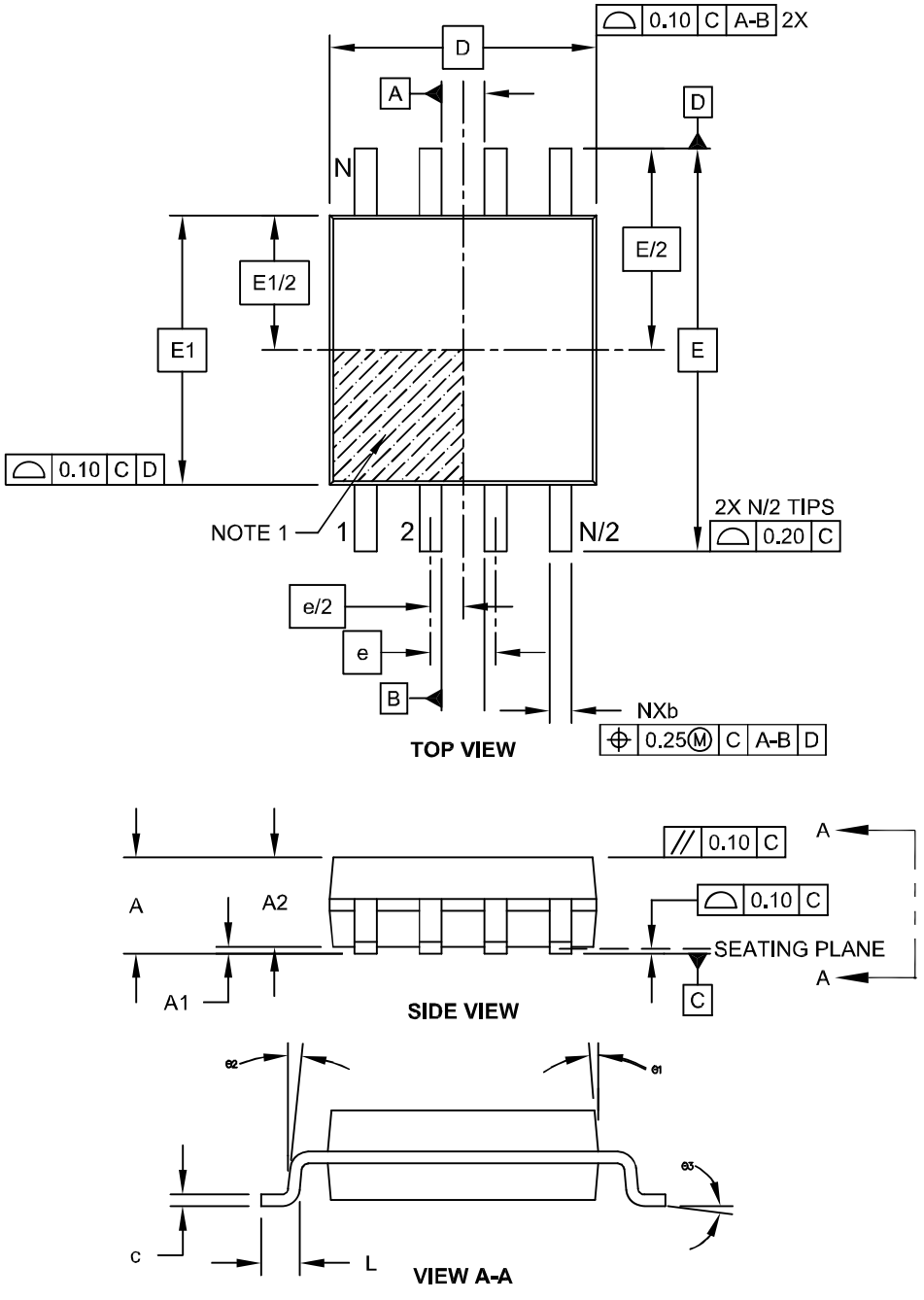
Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2057-SN Rev F

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SM) - Medium, 5.28 mm Body [SOIJ]

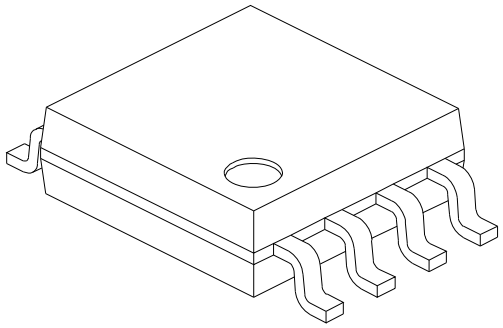
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-056C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SM) - Medium, 5.28 mm Body [SOIJ]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	A	1.77	-	2.03
Standoff §	A1	0.05		0.25
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.75	-	1.98
Overall Width	E		7.94 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		5.25 BSC	
Overall Length	D		5.26 BSC	
Foot Length	L	0.51	-	0.76
Lead Thickness	c	0.15	-	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.36	-	0.51
Mold Draft Angle	θ1	-	-	15°
Lead Angle	θ2	0°	-	8°
Foot Angle	θ3	0°	-	8°

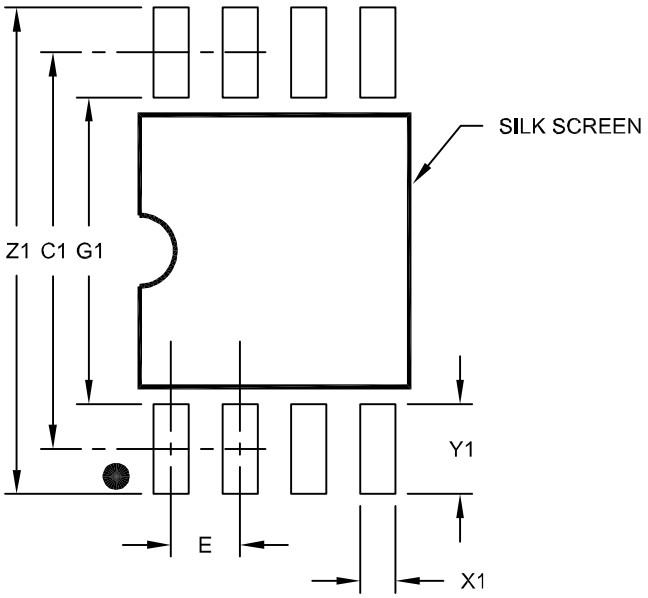
Notes:

1. SOIJ, JEITA/EIAJ Standard, Formerly called SOIC
2. § Significant Characteristic
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-056C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SM) - Medium, 5.28 mm Body [SOIJ]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Overall Width	Z1			9.00
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		7.30	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.65
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.70
Distance Between Pads	G1	5.60		
Distance Between Pads	G	0.62		

Notes:

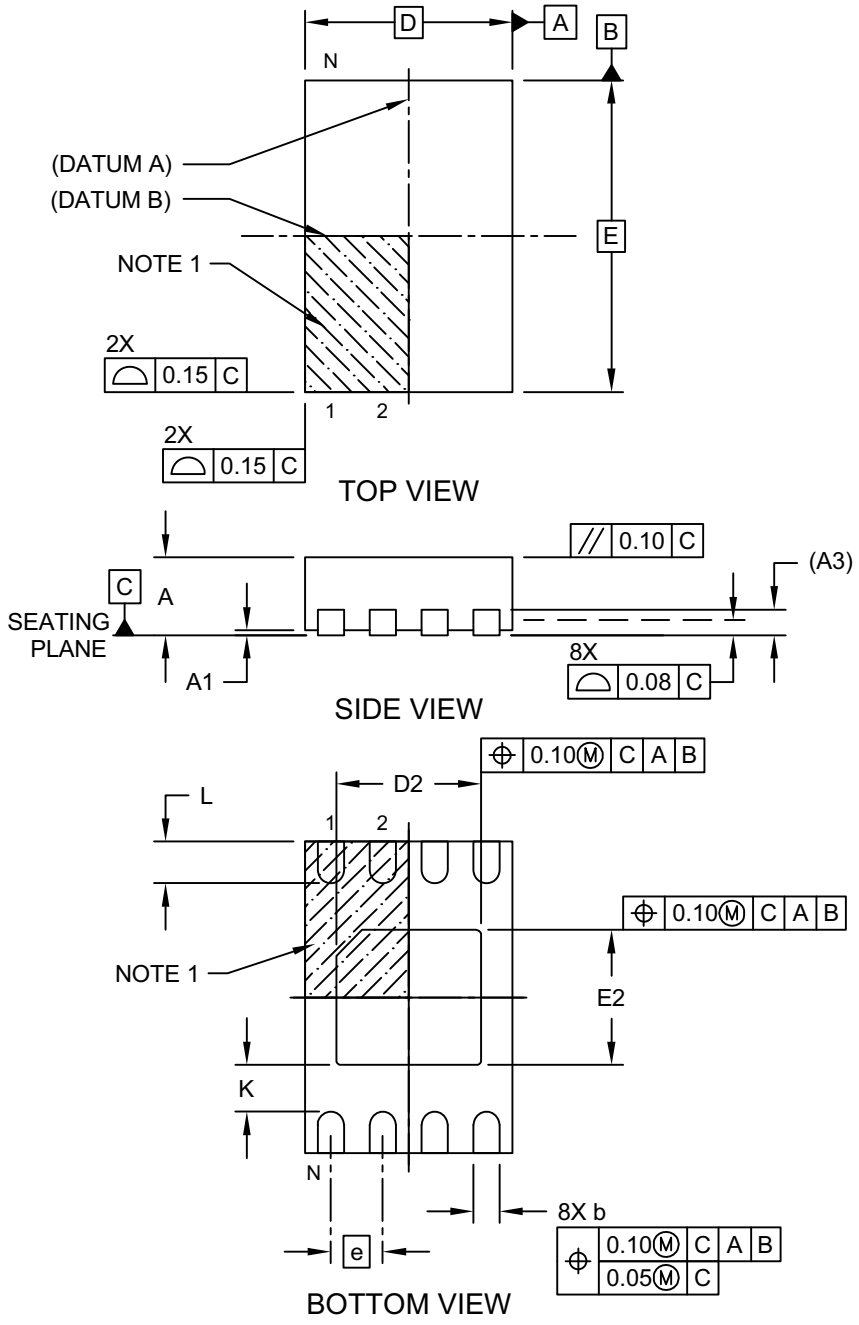
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2056C

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MN) – 2x3x0.8 mm Body [TDFN]
With 1.4x1.3 mm Exposed Pad (JEDEC Package type WDFN)

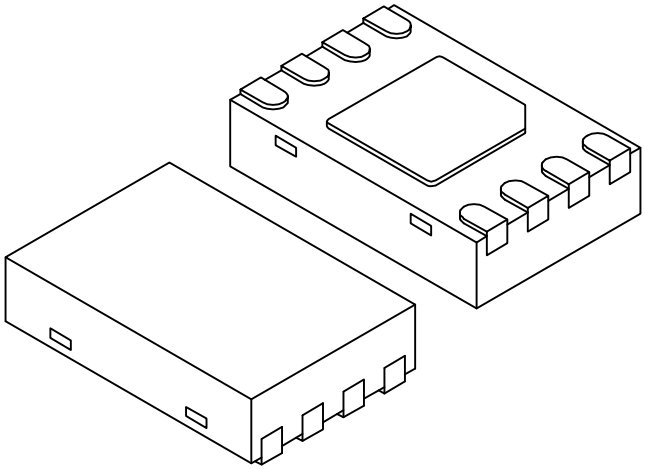
Note:	For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-129-MN Rev E Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MN) – 2x3x0.8 mm Body [TDFN]
With 1.4x1.3 mm Exposed Pad (JEDEC Package type WDFN)

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.50 BSC	
Overall Height	A	0.70	0.75	0.80
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
Contact Thickness	A3		0.20 REF	
Overall Length	D		2.00 BSC	
Overall Width	E		3.00 BSC	
Exposed Pad Length	D2	1.35	1.40	1.45
Exposed Pad Width	E2	1.25	1.30	1.35
Contact Width	b	0.20	0.25	0.30
Contact Length	L	0.25	0.30	0.45
Contact-to-Exposed Pad	K	0.20	-	-

Notes:

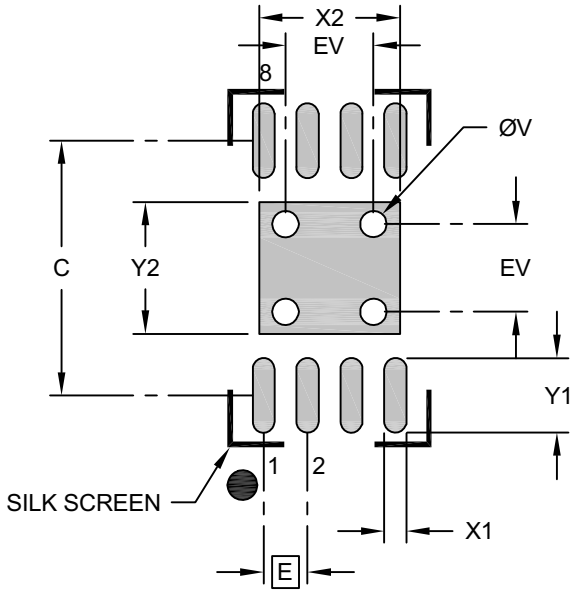
1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package may have one or more exposed tie bars at ends.
3. Package is saw singulated
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-129-MN Rev E Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MN) – 2x3x0.8 mm Body [TDFN]
With 1.4x1.3 mm Exposed Pad (JEDEC Package type WDFN)

Note:	For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.50 BSC		
Optional Center Pad Width	X2			1.60
Optional Center Pad Length	Y2			1.50
Contact Pad Spacing	C		2.90	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.25
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			0.85
Thermal Via Diameter	V		0.30	
Thermal Via Pitch	EV		1.00	

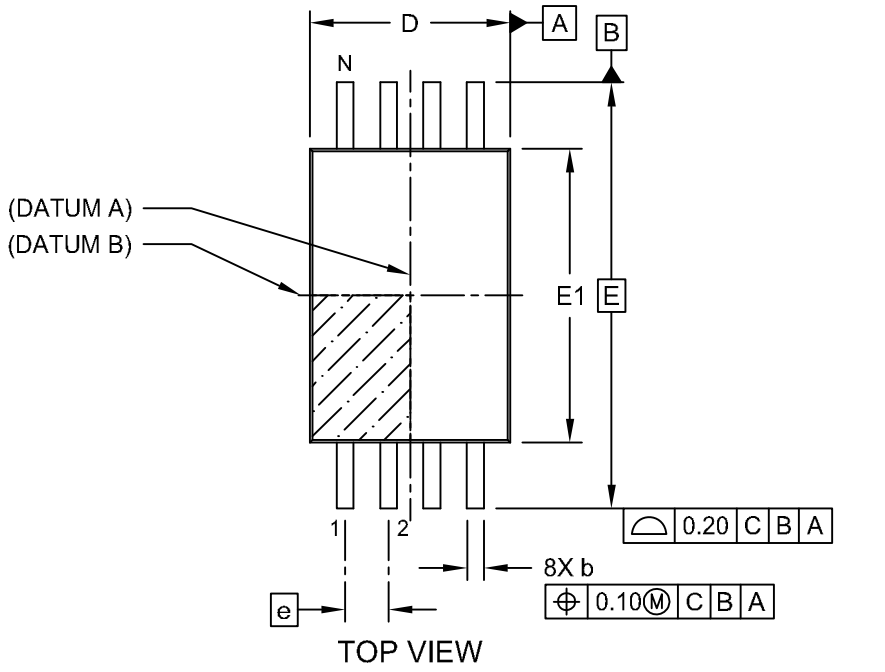
Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
2. For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

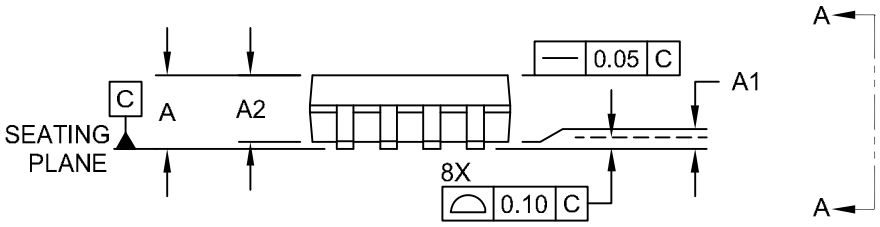
Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-129-MN Rev. B

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

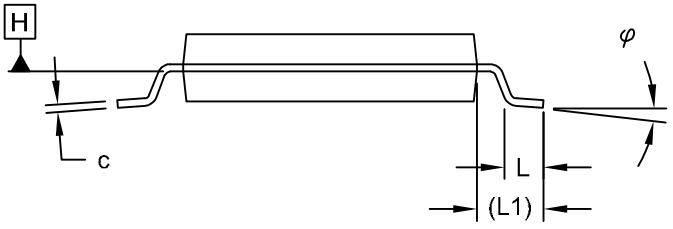
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

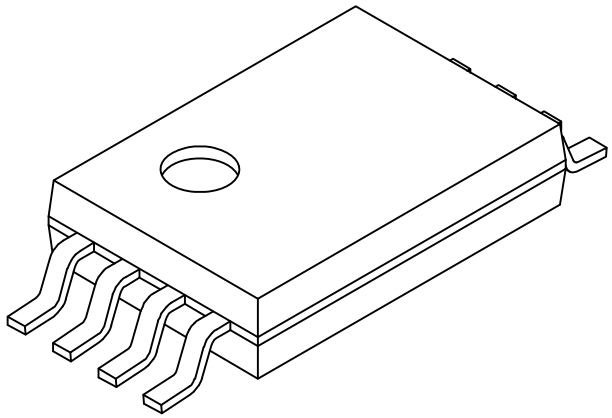


VIEW A-A

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086 Rev C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	-	-
Overall Width	E		6.40 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Overall Length	D	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1		1.00 REF	
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	-	0.25
Foot Angle	φ	0°	4°	8°
Lead Width	b	0.19	-	0.30

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.20mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

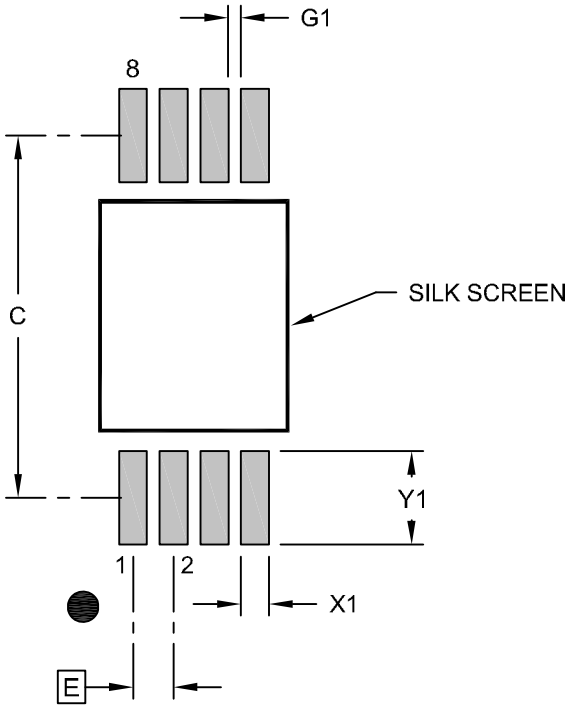
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

   REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086 Rev C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.80	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.50
Contact Pad to Center Pad (X6)	G1	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
2. For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2086 Rev B

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision U (11/2021)

Replaced terminology “Master” and “Slave” with “Host” and “Client” respectively; Added Automotive Product Identification System; Removed CSP product offering; Updated DFN, PDIP, SOIC and TSSOP package drawings.

Revision T (08/2019)

Updated Packaging; Updated content throughout for clarification.

Revision S (05/2010)

Added TDFN Package; Updated Package Drawings and Product ID.

Revision R (04/2009)

Updated Chip Scale package.

Revision Q (6/2008)

Updated packaging; Added Chip Scale package.

Revision P

Changed 1.8V to 1.7V throughout document; Revised Features Section; Replaced Package Drawings; Revised Product ID Section.

Revision N

Revised Sections 2.1, 2.4 and 6.3. Removed 14-Lead TSSOP Package.

Revision M

Added 1.8V 400 kHz option for 24FC128.

Revision L

Corrections to Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.

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Technical support is available through the website at: http://microchip.com/support

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (NON-AUTOMOTIVE)

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO.	X[1]	X	/XX
Device	Tape and Reel Option	Temperature Range	Package

Device:	24AA128	=	1.7V, 128-Kbit I^2C Serial EEPROM
	24LC128	=	2.5V, 128-Kbit I^2C Serial EEPROM
	24FC128	=	1.7V, High-Speed, 128-Kbit I^2C Serial EEPROM
Tape and Reel Option:	Blank	=	Standard packaging (tube or tray)
	T	=	Tape and Reel[1]
Temperature Range:	I	=	-40°C to +85°C (Industrial)
	E	=	-40°C to +125°C (Extended)
Package:	MF	=	Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package 5x6x0.85 mm Body, 8-Lead (DFN-S)
	MS	=	Plastic Micro Small Outline Package, 8-Lead (MSOP)
	P	=	Plastic Dual In-Line - 300 mil Body, 8-Lead (PDIP)
	SN	=	Plastic Small Outline - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body, 8-Lead (SOIC)
	SM	=	Plastic Small Outline - Medium, 5.28 mm Body, 8-Lead (SOIJ)
	MNY	=	Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package 2x3x0.8 mm Body, 8-Lead (TDFN)
	ST	=	Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline, 4.4 mm, 8-Lead (TSSOP)

Examples:

a) 24AA128-I/P: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, PDIP package.

b) 24AA128T-I/SN: Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, SOIC package.

c) 24AA128-I/ST: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, TSSOP package.

d) 24AA128-I/MS: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, MSOP package.

e) 24LC128-E/P: Extended Temperature, 2.5V, PDIP package.

f) 24LC128-I/SN: Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, SOIC package.

g) 24LC128T-I/SN: Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, SOIC package.

h) 24LC128-I/MS: Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, MSOP package.

i) 24LC128T-I/MNY: Tape and Reel, Industrial Temp., 2.5V, TDFN package.

j) 24FC128-I/P: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, High Speed, PDIP package.

k) 24FC128-I/SN: Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, High Speed, SOIC package.

l) 24FC128T-I/SN: Tape and Reel, Industrial Temperature, 1.7V, High Speed, SOIC package

Note 1: Tape and Reel identifier only appears in the catalog part number description. This identifier is used for ordering purposes and is not printed on the device package. Check with your Microchip Sales Office for package availability with the Tape and Reel option.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (AUTOMOTIVE)

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO.	[X](1)	X	/XX	XXX(2, 3)
Device	Tape and Reel Option	Temperature Range	Package	Variant

Device:	24AA128	=	1.7V, 128-Kbit I^2C Serial EEPROM
	24LC128	=	2.5V, 128-Kbit I^2C Serial EEPROM
Tape and Reel Option:	Blank	=	Standard packaging (tube or tray)
	T	=	Tape and Reel(1)
Temperature Range:	I	=	-40°C to +85°C (AEC-Q100 Grade 3)
	E	=	-40°C to +125°C (AEC-Q100 Grade 1)
Package:	MS	=	Plastic Micro Small Outline Package, 8-Lead (MSOP)
	SN	=	Plastic Small Outline – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body, 8-Lead (SOIC)
	ST	=	Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline, 4.4 mm, 8-Lead (TSSOP)
Variant(2,3):	15KVAO	=	Standard Automotive, 15K Process(4)
	15KVXX	=	Customer-Specific Automotive, 15K Process(4)
	16KVAO	=	Standard Automotive, 16K Process
	16KVXX	=	Customer-Specific Automotive, 16K Process

Examples:

a) 24AA128-E/MS16KVAO : Tape and Reel, Automotive Grade 1, 1.7V, MSOP Package.

b) 24AA128T-E/ST16KVAO : Tape and Reel, Automotive Grade 1, 1.7V, TSSOP Package.

c) 24LC128T-I/SN16KVAO : Tape and Reel, Automotive Grade 3, 2.5V, SOIC Package.

d) 24LC128T-E/SN16KVAO : Tape and Reel, Automotive Grade 1, 2.5V, SOIC Package.

Note 1: Tape and Reel identifier only appears in the catalog part number description. This identifier is used for ordering purposes and is not printed on the device package. Check with your Microchip Sales Office for package availability with the Tape and Reel option.

2: The VAO/VXX automotive variants have been designed, manufactured, tested and qualified in accordance with AEC-Q100 requirements for automotive applications.

3: For customers requesting a PPAP, a customer-specific part number will be generated and provided. A PPAP is not provided for VAO part numbers.

4: Not recommended for new designs.

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